

Attorney's Docket No.: 42390.P5658

Patent

In re the Application of: Thomas J. Holman
(inventor(s))

**APPELLANT'S BRIEF UNDER
37 C.F.R. § 1.192**

Application No.: 09/023,234

Filed: February 13, 1998

For: MEMORY MODULE HAVING A MEMORY MODULE CONTROLLER CONTROLLING
MEMORY TRANSACTIONS FOR A PLURALITY OF MEMORY DEVICES (As Amended)
(title)

Box Board of Appeals
ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
Washington, D.C. 20231

SIR: Transmitted herewith is an **Appellant's Brief Under 37 C.F.R. § 1.192** for the above application.

- ☒ **Appellant's Brief Under 37 C.F.R. § 1.192** in triplicate is enclosed.
- ☒ A check for \$310.00 is attached for processing fees under 37 C.F.R. § 1.17 (f).
- ☐ A check in the amount of \$_____ is attached for presentation of additional claim(s).
- ☒ Applicant(s) hereby Petition(s) for an Extension of Time of one month(s) pursuant to 37 C.F.R. § 1.136(a).
- ☒ A check for \$110.00 is attached for processing fees under 37 C.F.R. § 1.136 (a).
- ☐ Please charge my Deposit Account No. 02-2666 the amount of \$_____.
- ☒ **A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.**
- ☒ The Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks is hereby authorized to charge payment of the following fees associated with this communication or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 02-2666 (**a duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed**):
- ☒ Any additional filing fees required under 37 C.F.R. § 1.16 for presentation of extra claims.
- ☒ Any extension or petition fees under 37 C.F.R. § 1.17.

BLAKELY SOKOLOFF TAYLOR & ZAFMAN LLP

Date: Dec. 21, 2000


Sang Hui Michael Kim

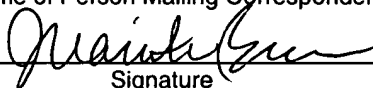
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Patent

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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE
BEFORE THE BOARD OF PATENT APPEALS AND INTERFERENCES

In Re Patent Application of

Thomas J. Holman

Serial No. 09/023,234

Filed: February 13, 1998

For: MEMORY MODULE HAVING A
MEMORY MODULE
CONTROLLER CONTROLLING
MEMORY TRANSACTIONS
FOR A PLURALITY OF
MEMORY DEVICES (As Amended)



Examiner: Verbrugge

Art Unit: 2751

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APPEAL BRIEF
(Under 35 C.F.R. § 1.192)

Sir:

This is an appeal to the Board of Patent Appeals and Interferences from the
decision of the Examiner of Group 2751, dated June 2, 2000, who finally rejected claims
1-17 in the above-identified application. This Appeal Brief is filed under 37 C.F.R. §
1.192. This Appeal Brief is submitted in triplicate pursuant to 37 C.F.R. § 1.192(a).

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I. REAL PARTY IN INTEREST

The invention is assigned to Intel Corporation of 2200 Mission College Boulevard, Santa Clara, California, 95052.

II. RELATED APPEALS AND INTERFERENCES

Appellant identifies the following related applications, which may directly affect, be directly affected by, or have a bearing on the Board's decisions in connection with the present application.

The present application is related to and claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Application No. 60/067,824, entitled "DISTRIBUTED CONTROL MEMORY BUS ARCHITECTURE," filed on December 5, 1997 and U.S. Provisional Application No. 60/067,588, entitled "DISTRIBUTED CONTROL MEMORY BUS ARCHITECTURE," also filed on December 5, 1997.

The above-identified application is also related to co-pending U.S. Patent Application No. 09/023,170 ('170 Application), entitled "MEMORY SYSTEM INCLUDING A MEMORY MODULE HAVING A MEMORY MODULE CONTROLLER,"¹ filed on February 13, 1998 and U.S. Patent Application No. 09/023,172 ('172 Application), entitled "MEMORY MODULE CONTROLLER,"² filed on February 13, 1998. A Notice of Appeal was filed on October 23, 2000 for the '170 Application. A Notice of Appeal was filed on September 27, 2000 for the '172 Application.

¹ The title of the '170 Application has been amended to "MEMORY SYSTEM INCLUDING A MEMORY MODULE HAVING A MEMORY MODULE CONTROLLER INTERFACING BETWEEN A SYSTEM MEMORY CONTROLLER AND MEMORY DEVICES ON THE MEMORY MODULE."

² The title of the '234 Application has been amended to "MEMORY MODULE CONTROLLER FOR PROVIDING AN INTERFACE BETWEEN A SYSTEM MEMORY CONTROLLER AND A PLURALITY OF MEMORY DEVICES ON A MEMORY MODULE."

The aforementioned provisional and co-pending applications are assigned to the same assignee of the present application on appeal.

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III. STATUS OF THE CLAIMS

Claims 1-17 are finally rejected. Claims 1-17 are the subject of this appeal.

Claims 1-5, 7, 8, 12, and 14-17 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent No. 4,045,781 to Levy *et al.* ("Levy").

Claims 6, 9, 10, 11, and 13 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Levy.

A copy of claims 1-17 as they stand on appeal are set forth in the attached Appendix.

IV. STATUS OF AMENDMENTS

The present application was filed on February 13, 1998 with claims 1 through 17.

In the Office Action mailed February 9, 1999, the Examiner rejected claims 1-17 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over "Memory Systems Design and Applications," edited by Dave Bursky, pp. 213-220 (Bursky Reference) and rejected claims 1-17 under a 35 U.S.C. § 101 double patenting rejection as conflicting with claims 1-14 of the '172 Application and claims 1-20 of the '170 Application.

In response to the February 9, 1999 Office Action, Appellant filed a Continued Prosecution Application on August 9, 1999.

In the Office Action mailed on September 3, 1999, the Examiner provided new grounds of rejection in which claims 1-5, 8, 10-12, and 14-17 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by the Bursky Reference and claims 6, 7, 9, and 13 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over the Bursky Reference. The Examiner also provisionally rejected claims 1-17 under the judicially created

doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-20 of the '170 Application and claims 1-14 over '172 Application.

In response to the September 3, 1999 Office Action, Appellant filed an amendment on March 2, 2000. In the March 2, 2000 amendment, Appellant amended claims 1-3, 5-9, and 14-17 and requested allowance of claims 1-17 over the Bursky Reference. Appellant also stated that upon a condition of allowance of one or more claims, Appellant will submit a timely terminal disclaimer to overcome the provisional double patenting rejection of claims 1-17 of the present application.

In the Office Action mailed on June 2, 2000, the Examiner provided a Final Rejection based on newly cited prior art. More particularly, the Examiner rejected claims 1-5, 7, 8, 12, and 14-17 under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent No. 4,045,781 to Levy *et al.* ("Levy") and claims 6, 9, 10, 11, and 13 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Levy. The Examiner did not maintain the previous provisional double-patenting rejection of claims 1-17 set forth in the Office Action mailed on September 3, 2000.

In response to the June 2, 2000 Final Office Action, Appellant filed an Amendment After Final on August 15, 2000. In the August 15, 2000 Amendment After Final, Appellant amended claims 1, 2, 6, 8, 9, 14, and 17 and requested allowance of claims 1-17 over Levy.

In the Advisory Action mailed on September 7, 2000, the Examiner stated that the proposed amendments contained in the August 15, 2000 After Final Amendment will be entered upon filing a Notice of Appeal and an Appeal Brief.

In response to the September 7, 2000 Advisory Action, Appellant filed the Notice of Appeal on September 27, 2000 and this subsequent Appeal Brief. Accordingly, the

amendments in the August 15, 2000 After Final Amendment are entered for purposes of appeal.

V. SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention is defined by claims 1-17 and their equivalents. This section of the Appeal Brief is set forth merely to comply with the requirements of 37 C.F.R. § 1.192(c)(5) and is not intended to limit claims 1-17 or its equivalents in any way. *See* M.P.E.P. 1206.

Claim 1 describes a memory module having a plurality of memory devices and a memory module controller. The memory module controller is to receive a first memory transaction in a first format from a first memory bus and is to convert the first memory transaction into a second memory transaction in a second format for the plurality of memory devices. The second format of the second memory transaction is different from the first format of the first memory transaction.

The specification and drawings set forth embodiments of the invention, as defined, e.g., in claim 1. **FIG. 3** shows memory module controllers 310 and 316 coupled with a system memory controller 304 via system memory bus 323. Memory module controller 310 is coupled to a plurality of memory devices 312 through 315 via local memory module busses 330, 332, and 334-337. Memory module controller 316 is coupled to a plurality of memory devices 317-320 via local memory module busses 338, 340, and 341-344. (Spec. pp. 10-12). Memory module controllers 310 operate as bridges between system memory bus 323, that

operates in one protocol or format, and local or memory module busses (e.g., lines 330, 332, and 334-337) that operate in a second different protocol format. (Spec. p.12, lines 19-22).

Thus, memory module controllers 310 and 316 for each memory module is an interface between system memory controller 304 and individual memory devices (e.g., memory devices 312-315 and 316-320) on the modules 306 and 308. Such an architecture allows for decoupling of individual memory devices from the system memory bus 323 and the system memory controller 304. This allows for the independent development of the memory device technology. For example, the memory devices may be developed to be faster, wider, to operate at different operating supply voltages, or to operate with reduced voltage swings than if the memory devices were directly communicating with the system memory controller. (Spec. p. 9, lines 14-23).

VI. ISSUES

I. Whether claims 1-5, 7, 8, 12, and 14-17 are anticipated under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) over Levy.

II. Whether claims 6, 9, 10, 11, and 13 are unpatentable under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) over Levy.

VII. GROUPING OF CLAIMS

With regards to the grounds of rejection related to issues I and II, claims 1-17 stand or fall together. Claim 1 is the representative claim for groups I and II.

VIII. ARGUMENTS

A. **Levy Fails to Anticipate Claim 1 Under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) By Failing to Disclose Each and Every Limitation of Claim 1**

Appellant respectfully disagrees with the Examiner's rejection of claims 1-17 under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) with respect to Levy. In particular, the Examiner has stated that:

Regarding claims 1, 2, and 17, Levy shows the claimed memory module as memory module 30 in Fig. 1. Memory module 30 includes the claimed plurality of memory devices as low stack 0-3 and high stack 0-3. Furthermore, memory module 30 includes the claimed memory module controller as memory transceiver 41 and memory control and timing unit 42. This controller receives a first memory transaction in a first format from a first memory bus (memory bus 40) and converts the first memory transaction into a second memory transaction in a second format for the plurality of memory devices as claimed. The second memory transaction is clearly different from the first memory format since the outputs of memory transceiver 41 and memory control and timing unit 42 are clearly different from their inputs. This is indicated by the differing nature of the signal lines shown in Fig. 1 and by the other figures and disclosure.

(pp. 2-3 Final Office Action 6/2/00).

Appellant respectfully submits that claim 1 on appeal is not anticipated by Levy. To anticipate claim 1, Levy must disclose each and every limitation of claim 1. Claim 1 includes the limitations of:

A memory module, comprising:
a plurality of memory devices; and
a memory module controller to receive a first memory transaction in a first format from a first memory bus, and to convert the first memory transaction into a second memory transaction in a second format for the plurality of memory devices, the second format of the second memory transaction being different from the first format of the first memory transaction.

(Claim 1)(emphasis added).

Levy, however, fails to disclose a memory module controller to receive a first memory transaction in a first format from a first memory bus, and to convert the first memory transaction into a second memory transaction in a second format for the plurality of memory devices as recited in claim 1. Levy further fails to disclose that the second format of the second memory transaction is different from the first format of the first memory transaction as recited in claim 1.

Levy, in Figure 1, discloses a memory module 30 coupled to associative memory 24. Memory module 30 includes a memory transceiver 41 and memory control and timing circuit 42 coupled to low and high stacks 44 and 45, respectively. The Examiner associates memory transceiver 41 and memory control and timing circuit 42 of Levy with the claimed memory module controller as recited in claim 1.

The memory transceiver 41 and memory control and timing 42, however, are not related to converting a memory transaction in a first format into a memory transaction in a second format. In particular, Levy discloses that:

... During a writing operation, the associative memory 24 transmits BYTE MASK signals (FIG. 5) to the memory control and timing circuit 42 thereby to select one byte or some combination of bytes in the addressed location.

Still referring to FIGS. 1 and 5, the associative memory 24 transmits an ADDRESS PARITY signal which is based upon the value of the address and various control signals that initiate a memory cycle and also data signals if data is being transferred from the associative memory 24. Next the associative memory 24 transmits a START signal that enables the memory control and timing circuit 42 (FIG. 1) to initiate a memory cycle. The circuit 42 transmits back to the associative memory 24 an ACKNOWLEDGE signal that terminates the address and control

signals and the BYTE MASK, parity, data and START signals. During a reading memory cycle, the associative memory 24 can initiate another memory cycle with another memory until after the ACKNOWLEDGE signal is terminated.

Thus, Levy teaches that memory control and timing circuit 42 initiates a memory cycle after receiving BYTE MASK and ADDRESS PARITY signals. As such, the memory and control timing circuit of 42 of Levy does not teach converting a first memory transaction into a second memory transaction as recited in claim 1. Furthermore, nowhere in Levy does it disclose converting a first memory transaction into a second memory transaction and that the second memory transaction is different than the first memory transaction as recited in claim 1.

Therefore, for the above reasons, claim 1 is not anticipated by Levy under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) and is patentable over Levy because Levy does not disclose each and every limitation of claim 1.

**B. Claim 1 is Patentable Over Levy Under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a)
Because Levy Does Not Disclose or Suggest Each and Every
Limitation of Claim 1**

Appellant respectfully submits that claim 1 is not obvious under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) over Levy. For claim 1 to be rendered obvious by Levy, Levy must disclose or suggest each and every limitation of claim 1. Furthermore, the Examiner cannot rely on impermissible hindsight of the Appellant's disclosure.

In contrast to claim 1, Levy fails to disclose or suggest a memory module having a plurality of memory devices and a memory module controller to receive a first memory

transaction in a first format from a first memory bus, and to convert the first memory transaction into a second memory transaction in a second format for the plurality of memory devices as recited in claim 1.

In further contrast to claim 1, Levy fails to disclose or suggest the second format of the second memory transaction being different from the first format of the first memory transaction as recited in claim 1.

As noted above, Levy discloses a memory control and timing circuit 42 to initiate a memory cycle. Nowhere in Levy does it disclose or suggest the memory control and timing circuit 42 to convert a first memory transaction into a second memory transaction and that the second memory transaction is different that the first memory transaction as recited in claim 1.

Therefore, claim 1 is patentable over Levy under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) because Levy fails to disclose or suggest each and every limitation of claim 1.

Reviewing the claimed structure set forth in claims 1-17, the distinctions between the cited prior art and the claimed invention are readily apparent. Therefore, Appellant respectfully contends that once the Board reevaluates the applicability of the cited prior art in view of the limitations of the claims, it will be determined that the claims are clearly distinguishable over the prior art of record.

FEE FOR FILING A BRIEF IN SUPPORT OF APPEAL

Enclosed is a check in the amount of \$310.00 to cover the fee for filing of a brief in support of an appeal required under 37 C.F.R. 1.17(f) and 1.192.


CHARGE OUR DEPOSIT ACCOUNT

If there are any further charges not accounted for herein, please charge them to our
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Respectfully submitted,

BLAKELY, SOKOLOFF, TAYLOR & ZAFMAN

Date: Dec. 21, 2000


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APPENDIX

The claims on appeal read as follows:

- 1 1. A memory module, comprising:
2 a plurality of memory devices; and
3 a memory module controller to receive a first memory transaction in a first format
4 from a first memory bus, and to convert the first memory transaction into a second memory
5 transaction in a second format for the plurality of memory devices, the second format of the
6 second memory transaction being different from the first format of the first memory
7 transaction.

- 1 2. The memory module of claim 1, wherein the memory module controller is to reformat
2 the first memory transaction in the first format into the second memory transaction in the
3 second format, and is to provide the second memory transaction to at least one of the plurality
4 of memory devices.

- 1 3. The memory module of claim 1, further comprising:
2 a second memory bus coupled between the memory module controller and the
3 plurality of memory devices.

- 1 4. The memory module of claim 3, wherein the second memory bus comprises separate
2 address, data, and control signal lines.

1 5. The memory module of claim 3, wherein the second memory bus comprises a signal
2 line for a clock signal.

1 6. The memory module of claim 3, wherein the first memory bus is to operate at a first
2 data rate and the second memory bus is to operate at a second data rate, and wherein the first
3 data rate is different than the second data rate.

1 7. The memory module of claim 1, wherein the first memory bus includes a first number
2 of signal lines and the second memory bus includes a second number of signal lines, and
3 wherein the first number is different than the second number.

1 8. The memory module of claim 1, wherein the memory module controller comprises:
2 request handling circuitry to receive the first memory transaction from the first
3 memory bus; and
4 control logic coupled to the request handling circuitry and to reformat the first
5 memory transaction and to provide the reformatted first memory transaction to at least one of
6 the plurality of memory devices.

1 9. The memory module of claim 1, wherein the first memory bus is to carry time-
2 multiplexed data and address information, and the second memory bus includes separate
3 address and data lines.

1 10. The memory module of claim 1, wherein the memory module is a dual in-line first
2 memory module (DIMM).

1 11. The memory module of claim 1, wherein the memory module is a single in-line first
2 memory module (SIMM).

1 12. The memory module of claim 1, wherein the plurality of memory devices comprise
2 volatile memory devices.

1 13. The memory module of claim 1, wherein the plurality of memory devices comprise
2 nonvolatile memory devices.

1 14. The memory module of claim 1, wherein the memory module controller is to generate
2 a handshake signal that indicates if the memory module controller is communicating data to
3 the system memory controller.

1 15. The memory module of claim 1, wherein the first memory transaction is a write
2 transaction.

1 16. The memory module of claim 1, wherein the first memory transaction is a read
2 transaction.

1 17. A memory module, comprising:
2 a plurality of memory devices; and
3 a memory module controller coupled to the plurality of memory devices, the memory
4 module controller to receive a first memory transaction in a first format from a memory bus,
5 and to convert the first memory transaction into a second memory transaction in a second
6 format, and to provide the second memory transaction in the second format to at least one of
7 the plurality of memory devices.